A Changing Population:
Shan State Figures at a Glance
May 2015

Drinking water
54.7% of all household's main source of drinking water is classified as an improved water source. At the Union level the figure is 69.5%.

Childhood mortality
In Shan State, 60 out of 1,000 infants die before their first birthday (Infant Mortality Rate IMR), lower than the Union level IMR of 62.
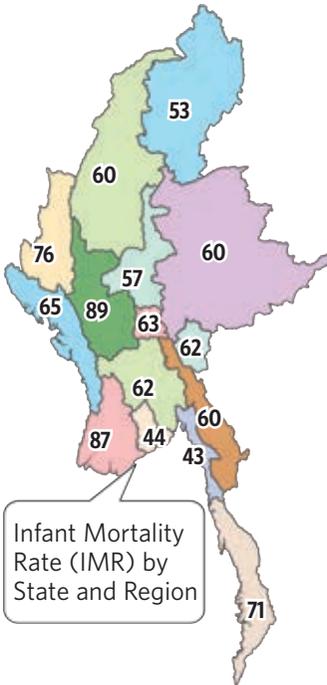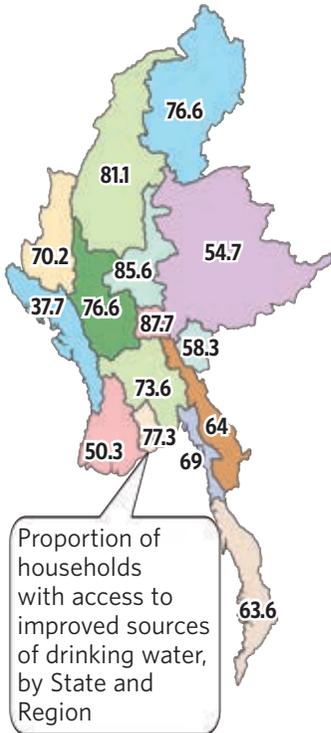
Housing amenities
33.4% of households use electricity as their main source of energy for lighting; there are wide disparities between State/Region and urban and rural areas. At the Union level it is 32.4%.

76.7% of households use firewood as their main source of energy for cooking. At the Union level it is 69.2%.

Myanmar Map with States/ Regions

Proportion of households with access to improved sources of drinking water, by State and Region

Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) by State and Region

Sanitation
63.8% of all households have toilets that are classified as improved sanitation facilities. At the Union level the figure is higher at 74.3%.

The Under-5 Mortality Rate for Shan State is 70 deaths per live births, again lower than the Union level rate of 72.

Life expectancy
A person in Shan State lives on average until the age of 67.2 years, higher than the Union life expectancy of 66.8 years.

The Main Census Results can be downloaded at:
www.dop.gov.mm
or http://myanmar.unfpa.org/census

Shan State Figures at a Glance

Population (March 2014)

Total	5,824,432
Male	2,910,710(50%)
Female	2,913,722 (50%)
Sex ratio	100 males per 100 females
Urban	1,395,847 (24%)
Rural	4,428,585 (76%)
% of total population	11.3%
Population Density	37.4 persons per Km^2

**Department of Population,
Ministry of Immigration and Population
with technical support from UNFPA**

How has the population of Shan State changed between 1973, 1983 and 2014?

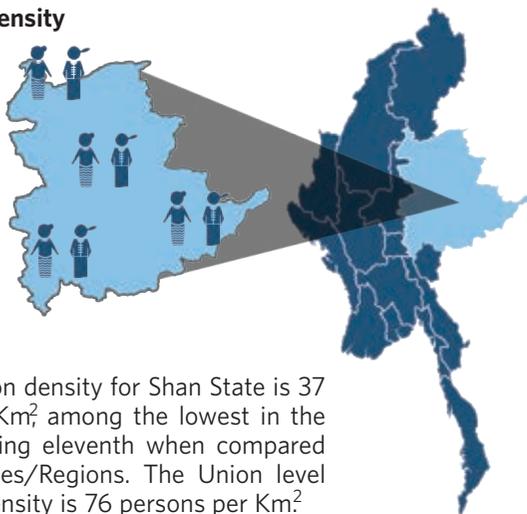| Year	Population
2014	5,824,432
1983	3,716,841
1973	3,179,546

The population of Shan State ranks fourth in size when compared with other States/Regions in the country.

Population density

The population density for Shan State is 37 persons per Km^2, among the lowest in the country, ranking eleventh when compared to other States/Regions. The Union level population density is 76 persons per Km^2.
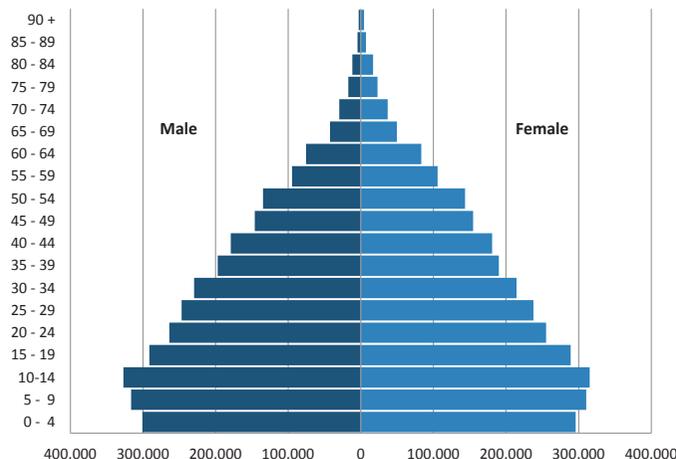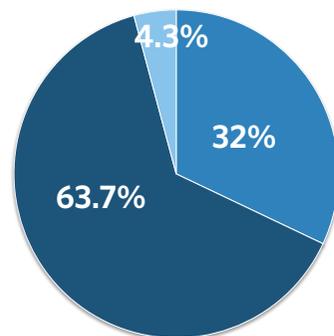
Population composition

50%   **50%**

50% of the population are male and 50% are female.

Population Pyramid of Shan State, 2014

Male   Female

The population pyramid for Shan State in 2014 is pot-shaped; an almost similar shape to the Union population pyramid. This shape implies declining birthrates in the population and a bulge in the population aged 10 – 14 years.

Proportion of broad age groups in the total population

4.3%
32%
63.7%

The population can be divided into three broad age groups, those less than 15 years (Child population), 15-64 years (Productive age), and 65 years and over (Aged population).
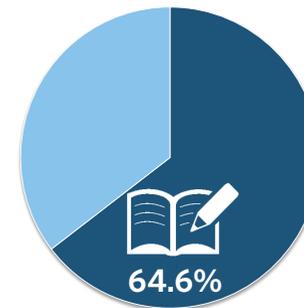
- Under 15 years
- 15-64 years
- 65 years and over

Under 15 years	15-64 years	65 years +
1,865,293	3,712,196	246,943

Dependency Ratio

In Shan State the Total Dependency Ratio was 56.9 in 2014. The dependency ratio measures the pressure on the productive population. The Total Dependency Ratio at the Union Level was 52.5 in 2014.
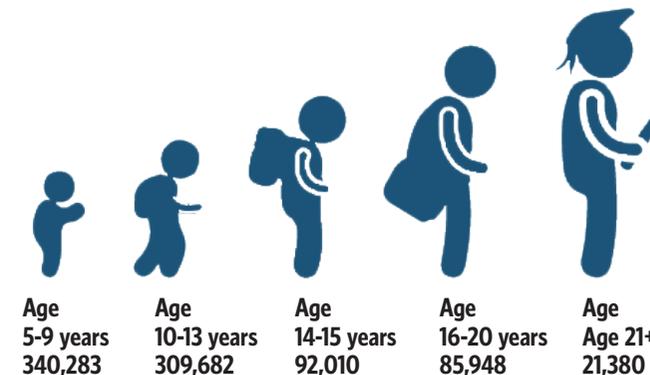

64.6%

Literacy

Out of 3,715,553 people aged fifteen years and over, 2,400,983 reported that they were able to read and write. The literacy rate for Shan State is 64.6%, lower than the Union literacy rate of 89.5%. Literacy rates are higher for males (70.3%) than females (59.4%).

School attendance

Out of a population of 4,909,968 persons aged 5 years and over living in conventional households, 849,303 are currently attending school.

Age 5-9 years	Age 10-13 years	Age 14-15 years	Age 16-20 years	Age 21+
340,283	309,682	92,010	85,948	21,380

Labour force participation rate

77.5% of all people who are of working age (15-64) were in the labour force. The proportion of males in the labour force is higher (88.6%) than females (66.4%).

Housing conditions

87.1% of households in Shan State own their house; the Union Level figure is 85.5%.